- 1. (original): A method of achieving a permanent stone-wash effect on a textile fibre material, in which the textile fibre material is dyed with a naphthol dye and the dyed textile fibre material is then after-treated with a stone-wash finish.
- 2. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, in which the textile fibre material is cellulosic fibre material, especially cotton.
- 3. (currently amended): A method according to claim 2, in which denim is used.
- 4. (currently amended): A method according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, in which the a warp yarn is impregnated with a naphtholate and then interwoven with natural white cotton yarn, the colour is then developed on the fabric with the addition of a diazo salt, and the dyed fabric is after-treated with a stone-wash finish.
- 5. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, in which-the a cotton warp yarn is impregnated with a naphtholate and then interwoven with natural white cotton yarn, the colour is then developed on the fabric with the addition of a diazo salt, the dyed fabric is made up and the made-up article is then after-treated with a stone-wash finish.
- 6. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, in which-the a cotton warp yarn is impregnated with a naphtholate during-the a sizing treatment and then interwoven with natural white cotton yarn, the colour is then developed on the fabric with the addition of a diazo salt, the dyed fabric is made up and the made-up article is then after-treated with a stone-wash finish.
- 7. (currently amended): A method according to any one of claims 1 to 6 claim 1, in which the stonewash finish is achieved during washing with stones or sand.
- 8. (currently amended): A method according to any one of claims 1 to 6 claim 1, in which the stonewash finish is produced by enzymatic after-treatment.
- 9. (currently amended): A method according to any one of claims 1 to 8 claim 1, in which, following the stone-wash finish, a further dye is applied to the dyed and treated fabric.

- 10. (original): A method according to claim 9, in which the application of colour is effected by dyeing or spraying.
 - 11. (currently amended): A method according to-either claim 9-or claim-10, in which the application of colour yields a colour shade that is different from the base colour obtained with the naphthol dye.
 - 12. (canceled).
 - 13. (new): A method according to claim 1, in which the textile fibre material is cotton.